

## CONFIDENT THEY WILL PASS

## Mr. Farquhar Thinks the Shipping Bills Will Yet Go Through the House.

Held Back to Avoid Being Slaughtered by the Obstructionists—What Mr. Blaine Says About the Behring Sea War Rumors.

## SHIPPING BILLS WILL PASS.

That is, Provided the Minority Does Not Fill the House to the End of the Session.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Colonel Farquhar was asked to-day what had become of the shipping bills. These important measures were taken up about ten days ago and then fell into apparent decline. It has been thought that Farquhar, who is steering the bills, was afraid that he had not enough votes to pass them, and so avoided a roll-call, but he gave an emphatic negative to this suggestion to-day. He explained that the delay was caused by an understanding which had been reached between himself and some of his Democratic friends. They had not let him know that the business of the House was to be obstructed at every possible point so long as the federal elections bill was before the Senate, in order that the possibility of passing the bill when it reached the House would be reduced to a minimum. The Democratic majority in the House, therefore, warned Farquhar to keep his measures off the floor, in order that they might not suffer from obstruction. He acted on this hint, and is quietly waiting until the elections bill is out of the way. When that time comes, he said, he will bring the shipping bills before the House. A most careful canvass has been made, and it shows a clear majority in favor of the bills. He will have about thirty Democratic votes, and will also gain about eight votes on pairs. These eighteen votes, with the assured support from the Republican side, will be more than sufficient to give a good margin for the shipping bills.

## ORIGIN OF BEHRING WAR RUMORS.

Correspondent of the London Times Responsible—What Mr. Blaine Says.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Secretary Blaine was asked, to-day, if the State Department had learned what was the cause of the war excitement a fortnight since in London. He replied that he had just received a copy of the London Times, of Jan. 6, in which he found a dispatch from its regular American correspondent, dated Philadelphia, Jan. 5, as follows:

Naval officers recently issued the gathering of a formidable American fleet in the Pacific waters before the Behring Sea. The fleet consisted of eleven warships and five revenue cutters. Eleven warships and five revenue cutters are now on the coast, and the fleet is expected to be increased to twenty-three ships, with 115 guns and three thousand men, including two of the fastest and most powerful ships in the world. The fleet is expected to be increased to twenty-three ships, with 115 guns and three thousand men, including two of the fastest and most powerful ships in the world. The fleet is expected to be increased to twenty-three ships, with 115 guns and three thousand men, including two of the fastest and most powerful ships in the world.

Mr. Blaine said that, on hearing of this unfounded and mischievous telegram, he had sent to the State Department, and had been informed by Secretary Tracy that there has been this winter a smaller naval force on the Pacific than at any time for the last ten years. Instead of the large force, with 115 guns and 3,000 men, as the Times correspondent states, the whole number of ships is five, the guns are fewer, and the number of men 850. The force is not so great as it was in January, 1890, and the force then was much smaller than it was in January, 1890. Mr. Blaine added that he thought the correspondent of the Times owed an explanation to the American people, for the State Department had received definite and accurate information, and that there was, therefore, no excuse whatever for the transmitting of erroneous statements to Europe.

## MINOR MATTERS.

Mother of a Soldier Who Committed Suicide While in Service Sent to a Pension.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Assistant Secretary Bussey has rendered a decision in the pension case of the mother of Lorenzo G. Babcock, late of Company E, One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth New York Infantry, which involves the question of line of duty. It appears from the record that Babcock served in the army from August, 1862, till May, 1864, and was regarded as an efficient and faithful soldier. During the struggle in the Wilderness, early in May, 1864, he underwent extraordinary fatigue, prolonged exposure to fire, arduous exertions and loss of sleep. After several days of service of this character, he committed suicide by shooting himself through the breast. The department is convinced from the testimony that he had become mentally deranged, and that the whole aberration of mind was developed in the service long after enlistment. The department therefore recommends the pension, and accepts it as a fact that this man, through no possible fault of his own, was responsible for the fatal act, and died in line of duty.

## Reciprocity Their Only Salvation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Bureau of American Republics furnishes the following from El Radical, of Caracas, Venezuela: "The effects of the McKinley bill are already being sadly felt in our markets, and as the remedy consists in a treaty of reciprocity we for the American people are government to attend to this very grave and important subject, and especially since it involves a double benefit for Venezuela, having in view our coffee and cocoa on the one hand and the importation of sugar and other heavy duties on the other. We note the fact that the exportation of a great amount of coffee and cocoa from Venezuela is no longer profitable, and that the price of sugar is no longer profitable. The government should attend to this. The Diario, of Lagayra, Venezuela, prints a similar article.

## The Law as to Closing of Postoffices.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—If it should prove true, as reported in press dispatches, that John R. Lewis, the postmaster at Atlanta, Ga., yesterday closed his postoffice in observance of the anniversary of the death of Gen. K. E. Lee, which event was celebrated throughout the South as a national holiday, he may be embarrassed in explaining away his action. The regulation of the Postoffice Department do not give postmasters the liberty to open and close their offices at will, but they designate the presidential proclamation for the closing of postoffices. Lewis was appointed under the present administration, and was formerly a leading Republican at Des Moines, Ia. There is no official evidence that he closed his office yesterday.

## Customs Regulations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Assistant Secretary Spaulding has informed a correspondent that there is no prohibition against requiring the removal of duty-paid goods from bonded warehouses.

The Treasury Department has accepted the suggestion of the Secretary of State in regard to the form of declaration to be used by the seller of merchandise, that the declaration of the seller be accepted as such, according to the practice formerly followed.

The Treasury Department has decided that the sale of goods of commerce is starch, and subject to duty at 5 cents per pound. The collector of customs at Boston, who has been passing it duty free, is directed to collect duty on it in the future.

## Patents Granted Hoosier Inventors.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Patents were today granted Indiana inventors as follows:

## INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

## Foundation Day Fittingly Celebrated at the State University Yesterday.

Ball League for the Coming Season Formed—Workmen Caught Beneath a Caving Bank—Bloody Affray from Jealousy.

## INDIANA.

Celebration of Foundation Day at the State University at Bloomington.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BLOOMINGTON, Jan. 20.—Foundation day of Indiana University was celebrated this afternoon with very interesting exercises, and coupled with it was the dedication of the new library building that has just been completed. The exercises of foundation day were held at the old college chapel, at 1:30 o'clock, where students and faculty gathered to commemorate the event. The historical address was given by Judge D. B. Banta, dean of the Law School. He discussed the part of the university's history from 1820 to 1829, during which time Indiana Seminary was changed to "Indiana University," and spoke of the many trials, changes and vicissitudes through which the institution had gone to reach its present enlarged and prosperous condition. The general address was made by Col. E. S. Robertson, of the board of trustees, who talked of "The Educational Idea in the Northwest Territory," tracing the efforts to open the great West, and showing that we do not owe to Jefferson the educational clause, but to Colonel Pickens and his co-workers. The address was filled with historical information of a very interesting nature. Musical selections were interspersed with the exercises, given by Professors Campbell, Clark, Mrs. Saunders, Mrs. Henley and others.

Immediately after the foundation day exercises the faculty, board of trustees and classes, in order, were formed in procession and headed by the president, Dr. J. C. Clark, of the board of trustees, Prof. O. B. Clark, of the faculty, Frank Fetter, of the present senior class, the students, and President Robertson, who led the procession to the new library building, where the dedicatory exercises of the library building were carried out. Colonel Robertson represented the legislature of 1889, and the building is a solid Indiana stone, of the most modern pattern, and is represented to be the finest educational building of Indiana.

## State Base-Ball League.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PERU, Jan. 20.—Representatives from Fort Wayne, Ellettsburg, Anderson, Kokomo, Marion, Lafayette, Muncie and Peru met in this city to-night to perfect the organization of the Indiana State Base-Ball League for the season of 1891. C. K. McCall, of Anderson, was elected president; William Meyer, vice-president, and Louis Schroeder, secretary. The league is composed of teams from Anderson, Ellettsburg, Fort Wayne, Kokomo, Marion, Lafayette, Muncie and Peru. The league is composed of teams from Anderson, Ellettsburg, Fort Wayne, Kokomo, Marion, Lafayette, Muncie and Peru.

## Farmers' Institute.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENFIELD, Jan. 20.—On yesterday and to-day the sessions of the Hancock County Farmers' Institute were held in Masonic Hall. There were a large number of farmers at the meetings, and great interest was manifested. The addresses yesterday were as follows: "The Horse for the General Farmer," by D. L. Thomas; "Growing Sweet Corn, Peas and Tomatoes for Canning-Purposes," by M. T. Connett, of Indianapolis; "Potato Culture," by Prof. W. C. Lett; "Dairy Farming," by C. L. Hall; "Potato Culture," by Marion Steele; "Mistakes in Wheat Culture," by Prof. W. C. Lett; "Sheep Raising," by H. W. Gray; "Small Fruits on the Farm," by Sylvester Johnson, of Irvington; "Sorghum Raising," by Christopher Fide; and "Drainage as a Business Investment," by Prof. W. C. Lett.

## Fighting a Gas Company.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LEBANON, Jan. 20.—War is waging between the citizens and the Lebanon Light, Heat and Power Company, which is supplying natural gas here, on account of the latter threatening to shut off the gas in houses where it is being used for illuminating purposes. The majority of stock in the natural gas company is owned by the same persons who control the artificial gas plant and it is for this reason that the directors of the natural gas company decided to shut off the gas in houses where it is being used for illuminating purposes. The majority of stock in the natural gas company is owned by the same persons who control the artificial gas plant and it is for this reason that the directors of the natural gas company decided to shut off the gas in houses where it is being used for illuminating purposes.

## Funeral of A. P. Luse.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CRAWFORDVILLE, Jan. 20.—Isaac F. Wade, father-in-law of A. P. Luse, who died in Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 18, received a letter from Mr. John Markley, Chicago, stating that it is expected that the remains of Mr. Luse will arrive in Chicago some time during next Saturday, and would arrive in this city, accompanied with relatives and friends, on Saturday night. The remains of Mr. Luse will be taken to the depot, where they will be met by the family and friends. The remains of Mr. Luse will be taken to the depot, where they will be met by the family and friends.

## Child Turned Away.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Jan. 20.—A little girl over ten years old was sent by city train from Newton, Ill., to this city with the intention of being taken to her home in Kentucky. The girl, named Lizzy Molden, would call for her at the depot. There are no persons in this city or county bearing this name. The officers have applied to every one of similar name, but they have no knowledge whatever of the child. She is greatly distressed, and cannot say where her mother lives, and it is not known where she is. There is a family of this name in Boone, Bartholomew county, and word has been sent to them.

## Old Resident Missing.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SOUTH BEND, Dec. 30.—Phillips Phillion, an old resident of South Bend, Ind., has been missing from his home since Monday afternoon, Jan. 12. His relatives are greatly grieved at his sudden disappearance, and have done everything in their power to find him, but not the slightest trace of him can be discovered, and there is no plausible theory for his non-appearance, although foul play is suspected. He was a man of heavy build, with gray hair, sandy mustache and sandy imperial. He wore dark trousers, a dark coat, and a dark hat. He was a native of South Bend, and had lived there for many years. He was a prominent man in the community, and was well known to all.

## Numerous Fires from Gas.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Jan. 20.—Last night the office building to J. E. McKendry's heading factory was burned, making a loss of \$200, with no insurance. Sunday night the elegant residence and patent office of Charles E. Adamson, valued at \$10,000, was only saved from destruction by good work of the fire department, which made the mile run in three minutes. Saturday night J. H. Abbott's residence was badly damaged by fire.

## Modern Philanthropy.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

In a recent newspaper interview million-aire John D. Rockefeller stated that he had been in the habit of working hard for a dollar or two a day than he is now. This may be because of his new method of saving in cutting wages with the regularity of clock-work. Perhaps they are actuated by a laudable desire to increase the happiness of their employees.

## DEATH OF KING KALAKAUA

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His Remains to Be Embalmed and Sent Home on a War-Ship—Simple Funeral Services Over the Body of Historic Ruler.

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SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20.—Kalakaua, King of the Hawaiian Islands, died at the Palace Hotel, in this city, at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. There had been no hope of the King's recovery since Sunday, though his alarming condition was not generally known until last evening, when the attending physicians announced that his malady was Bright's disease of the kidneys and uremia. Kalakaua's visit to this country was made on account of his failing health. He commenced to gain strength soon after his arrival here, but the improvement was only temporary, and soon after his return from his trip to southern California last week his condition became much worse. During the last few hours the King was unconscious nearly all the time, and his life was prolonged only by the use of stimulants. During all last night death was expected at any moment. The King's physicians and other attendants, including Consul-General McKinley, Col. H. H. Baker, the King's chief of staff, Col. George MacFarlane, his chamberlain, and several ladies, remained at his bedside or in the adjoining room, and watched the King's progress. The condition this morning, and by noon it was apparent to all that he could live but a few hours longer. At times it was almost impossible to distinguish his breathing at all, though the respiration, slight as it was, was very rapid. He continued to sink until late afternoon, when death came. His body was placed in a coffin, and the King's remains were embalmed and sent home on a war-ship. The King's funeral services will be held here for Honolulu on the United States flag-ship Charleston before the close of the week. The next regular passenger steamer for Honolulu will not leave until Jan. 27, and it is probable that the first intelligence of the King's death will be received by the Hawaiian people will be when the Charleston arrives at Honolulu. The King's remains will be placed in a coffin, and the King's funeral services will be held here for Honolulu on the United States flag-ship Charleston before the close of the week.

## The King's Career.

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## Pringles Baking Cream Powder

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.